11-62

## **6GY5**

# COMPACTRON BEAM PENTODE

## FOR TV HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER APPLICATIONS

## DESCRIPTION AND RATING

The 6GY5 is a compactron beam-power pentode designed for use as the horizontal-deflection amplifier in television receivers.

## GENERAL

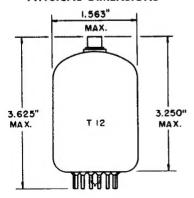
ELECTRICAL	MECHANICAL			
Cathode - Coated Unipotential	Mounting Position - Any Envelope - T-12, Glass			
Heater Characteristics and Ratings	Base - E12-74, Button 12-Pin			
Heater Voltage, AC or DC* 6.3±0.6 Volts	Top Cap - C1-3, Skirted Miniature			
Heater Current+ 1.5 Ampere	S Outline Drawing - EIA 12-79			
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate‡	Maximum Diameter 1.563 Inches			
Grid-Number 1 to Plate: (gl to p) 0.48 pf	Maximum Over-all Length 3.625 Inches			
Input: g1 to $(h + k + g2 + b.p.)$ 22 pf	Maximum Seated Height 3.250 Inches			
Output: p to $(h + k + g^2 + b.p.)$ 9.0 pf	Minimum Seated Height 3.000 Inches			

## **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

# HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER SERVICE—DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES§

DC Plate-Supply Voitage (Boost + DC Power Supply)	770	Volts
Peak Positive Pulse Plate Voltage	6500	Volts
Peak Negative Pulse Plate Voltage	1500	Volts
Screen Voltage	220	Volts
Negative DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage	55	Volts
Peak Negative Grid-Number 1 Voltage	330	Volts
Plate Dissipation¶	18	Watts
Screen Dissipation	3.5	Watts
DC Cathode Current	230	Milliamperes
Peak Cathode Current	800	Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage		•
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode		
DC Component	100	Volts
Total DC and Peak	200	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode		
Total DC and Peak	200	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Circuit Resistance	1.0	Megohms
Bulb Temperature at Hottest Point	220	C

#### PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

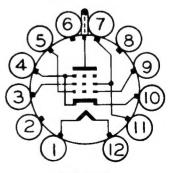


EIA 12-79

**TERMINAL CONNECTIONS** 

Pin 1 - Heater
Pin 2 - No Connection
Pin 3 - Grid Number 2 (Screen)
Pin 4 - Cathode and Beam Plates
Pin 5 - Grid Number 1
Pin 6 - No Connection
Pin 7 - Grid Number 2 (Screen)
Pin 8 - No Connection
Pin 9 - Grid Number 1
Pin 10 - Cathode and Beam Plates
Pin 11 - Grid Number 2 (Screen)
Pin 12 - Heater

#### BASING DIAGRAM



EIA 12DR



- Plate

## **MAXIMUM RATINGS (Cont'd)**

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.

## CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

## **AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS**

Plate Voltage	5000	60	130	Volts
Screen Voltage	130	130	130	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage		O#	-20	Volts
Plate Resistance, approximate			11000	Ohms
Transconductance			9100	Micromhos
Plate Current		410	50	Milliamperes
Screen Current		24	1.75	Milliamperes
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate				
<pre>Ib = 1.0 Milliamperes</pre>	-66	~	-33	Volts
Triode Amplification Factor∆			4.7	

## **FOOTNOTES**

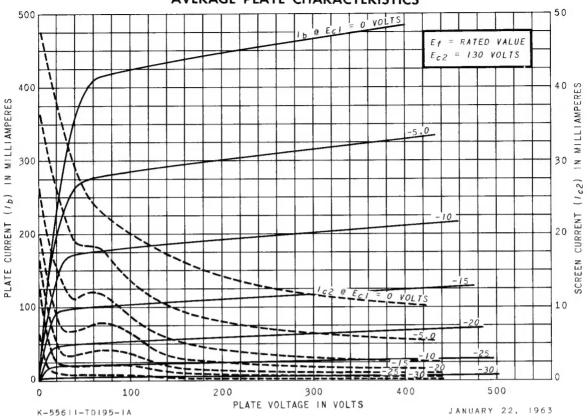
- \* The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.
- + Heater current of a bogey tube at Ef = 6.3 volts.
- # Without external shield.
- § For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame television system as described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission. The duty cycle of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 percent of one scanning cycle.
- $\P$  In stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathode-bias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- # Applied for short interval (two seconds maximum) so as not to damage tube.
- $\Delta$  Triode connection (screen tied to plate) with Eb = Ec2 = 130 volts and Ec1 = -20 volts.

The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or elements. In the absence of an

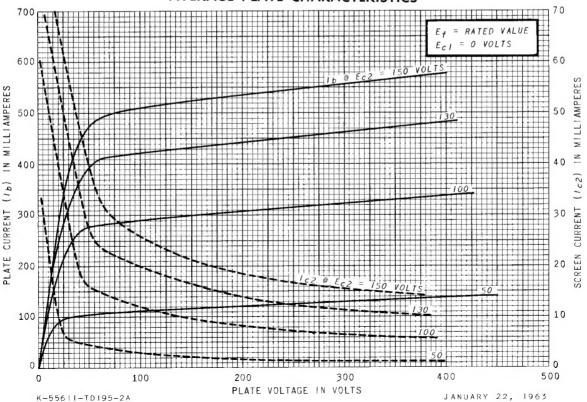
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## **AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS**



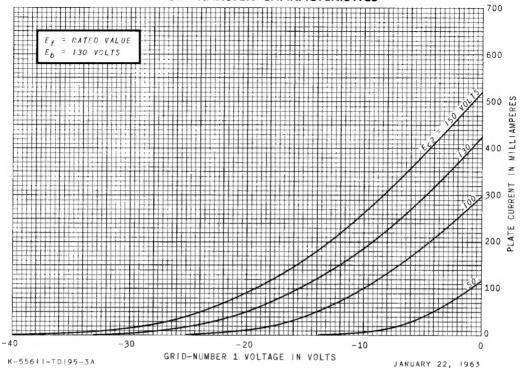




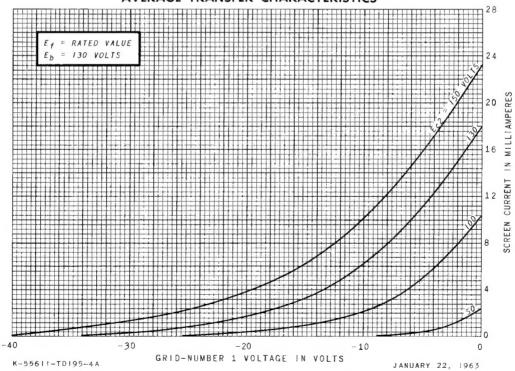
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## **AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS**



## **AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS**



### RECEIVING TUBE DEPARTMENT



Owensboro, Kentucky